

# Re-visiting Monitoring Protocols For Wetland Restoration

Estuary

Partnership

LCEP Science Work Group Meeting, Dec 18, 2019

Sarah Kidd, Sneha Rao Manohar



Science Work Group Meeting September 25, 2018

NOAA Technical Memorandum NMFS-NWFSC-97



lower Columbia

Estuary Partnership

> Protocols for Monitoring Habitat Restoration Projects in the Lower Columbia River and Estuary

February 2009

Purpose: Continue to the discussion of updating and adding to the original 2009 monitoring protocols.

Providing technical recommendations for monitoring the following parameters:

- Soil Conditions LCEP
- Sediment Accretion and Erosion –LCEP
- Channel Cross-Sections CLT
- Water Surface Elevation & Temp LCEP

Future Discussions: Fish & Macroinvertebrate Monitoring, UAV Data Collection, Data Management and Analysis

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Marine Fisheries Service

#### Refining/updating monitoring protocols for action effectiveness

Science Work Group Meeting September 25, 2018 Sarah Kidd, Matthew Schwartz, and Grace Brennar Purpose: Continue to the discussion of updating and adding to the original 2009 monitoring protocols.



Best Practices – A Quick Guide to Water Surface Elevation and Temperature Data Collection

Prepared by Sarah Kidd, Matthew Schwartz, and Grace Brennan Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership October 2018



October 2018 we published updates to the WSE and Temp Protocols You can download them here https://bit.ly/2LYGm6w Best Practices - Quick Guide: Water Surface Elevation and Temperature Data Collection

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#### Soil Monitoring





### Why Monitor Soil

Soil is a critical component of any ecosystem

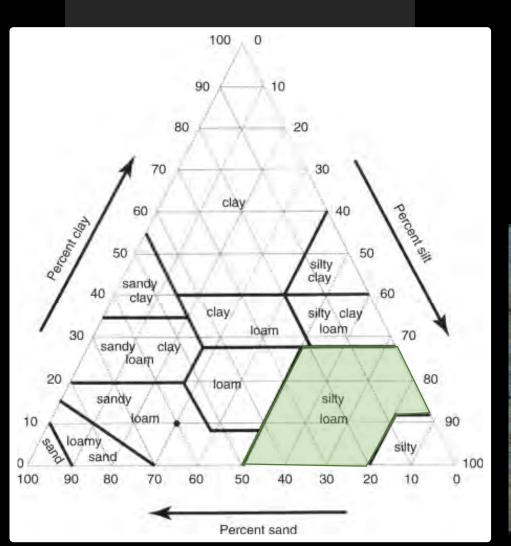
 In wetlands the biogeochemistry of the soil drives many wetland functions such as nutrient retention, seed germination, and plant growth

Wetland Restoration (reintroduction of flooding or shift in flooding regime) dramatically alters soil conditions, creating the template for which new wetland plant communities will grow and develop overtime.

### Why Monitor Soil

Monitoring Soil Conditions Pre and Post Restoration can provide information on why or why not the plant communities are recovering as expected.

*Quick Resources for Tidal Wetland Soil Monitoring: Zedler 2000, Seybold et al. 2002, Kidd 2017* 



# In the Field

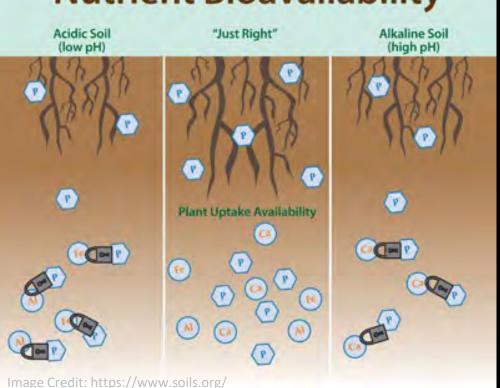
- Soil Texture
  - → Sandy, Silty, Loam these textures can influence conditions and plant growth
     → Soil Color is an indicator of hydric soil conditions (Gleying and Mottling)

Gray soils indicate chemical reduction of iron and/or manganese due to wetness and lack of oxygen.



# In the Field

- pH
  - ightarrow Is the soil too acidic or basic?
- Salinity/Conductivity
  - $\rightarrow$  How has soil salinity changed?



### **Nutrient Bioavailability**

# In the Field

Hydric soil (develops with lack of O2) – Rate of O<sub>2</sub> diffusion into soil dramatically reduced when soil is saturated with water. **This can be measured as** <u>soil ORP – Oxygen</u> <u>Reduction Potential.</u>



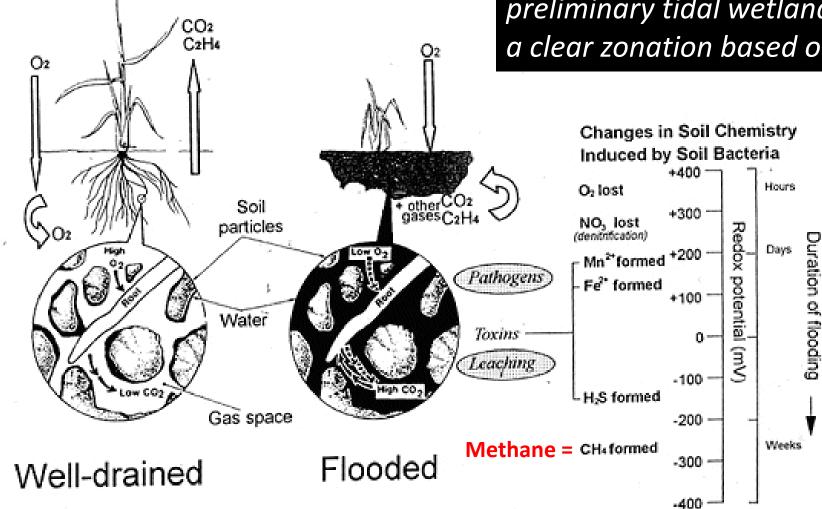
This is an indicator of duration and timing of soil flooding – and these conditions can determine which plant communities can germinate and grow

# In the Field

#### Soil ORP – Oxygen Reduction Potential

Multiple soil and hydrologic metrics inform plant community development, however preliminary tidal wetland field data indicate a clear zonation based on observed soil ORP conditions

**Restored Fresh Tidal Wetland Zonation** 



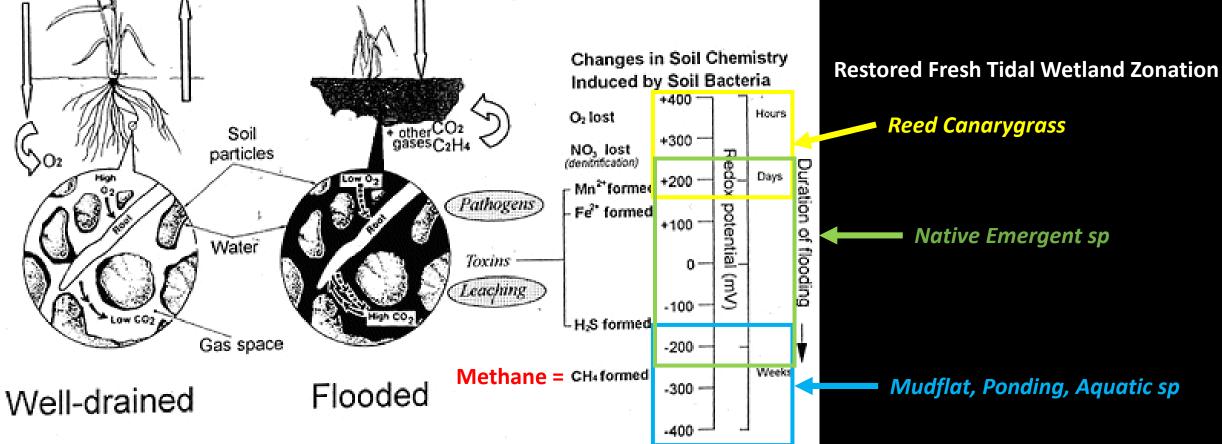
### 

 $O_2$ 

# In the Field

#### Soil ORP – Oxygen Reduction Potential

Multiple soil and hydrologic metrics inform plant community development, however preliminary tidal wetland field data indicate a clear zonation based on observed soil ORP conditions



# Field Equipment

- Extech ORP Meter
- Extech Salinity, pH meter
- For sites with more saline influence – a refractometer can be used (Pore-water soil

salinity)







### In the Lab

- Bulk Density, Organic Matter Composition, Carbon, Nutrients (N, P etc.), and Mineral Composition, etc.
- Baseline Reference Conditions have been Established in Reference Wetlands through the EMP program (EMP 2019)

These are also important soil metrics that should be considered when monitoring restoration outcomes - however they do involve field collection and lab assessment

| Current<br>Practice | Field<br>EMP Reference Sites &<br>Level 2 AEMR Sites,<br>Conducted Along Side<br>of Vegetation<br>Monitoring | Lab<br>EMP Reference Sites,<br>Soil Collected with<br>Biomass and<br>Vegetation Samples |
|---------------------|--|---|
|                     | рН   | Bulk Density  |
| ORP www.            | Salinity/Conductivity  | Organic Matter  |
| DH - Conductivity   | ORP  | Carbon, Nitrogen,<br>Phosphorus Content   |
|                     | Texture/Color<br>(to be added)   | Texture   |

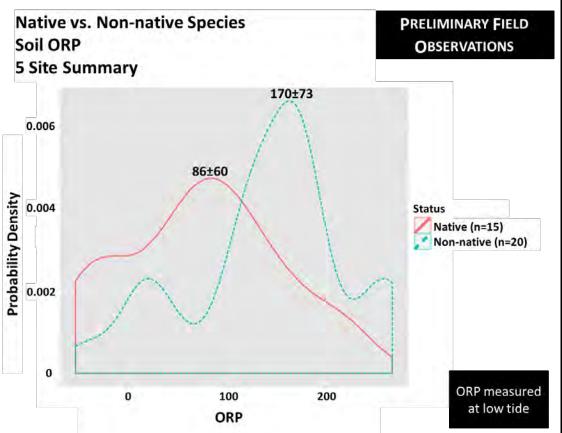
# Next Steps & Understanding Results

### In the Office

- Publish/Share Protocols
- Take all collected data and develop thresholds associated with plant community development and recovery
  - Use data to <u>help explain</u> why or why not wetland plant community recovery is occurring across sites



Utilize soil and plant community data to set-up **Blue Carbon Study** – looking at methane and carbon emissions and storage across LCE wetlands.



Kidd 2019

Sediment Accretion and **Erosion Monitoring** 



Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership Why Monitor Sediment Accretion/Erosion Monitoring sediment accretion/erosion conditions pre and post restoration can:

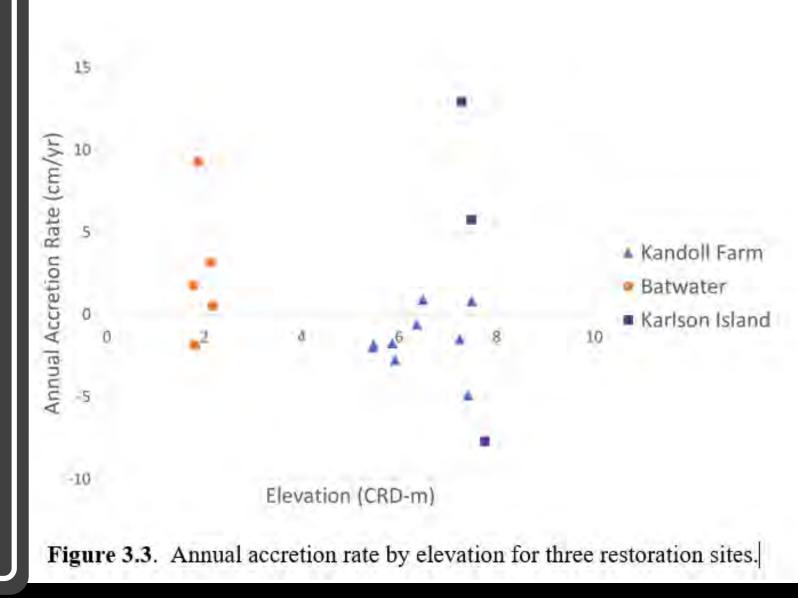
- Provide information on how natural sediment dynamics have been restored to a wetland
- Help us understand if a site is keeping up with potential sea level rise conditions



#### Why Monitor Sediment Accretion/Erosion

• Existing data has shown that sediment accretion/erosion can be very dynamic.

• This variability indicates that to get generalizable results we need to increase the amount of data collected.



Taken from SM2 2018

### Why Monitor Sediment Accretion/Erosion

What influences Sediment Accretion/Elevation within a Tidal Wetland Site?

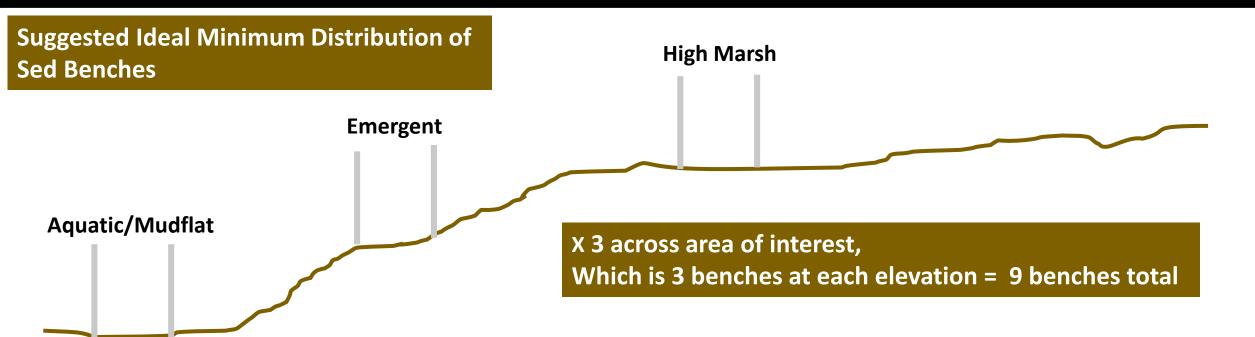
### Why Monitor Sediment Accretion/Erosion

# What influences Sediment Accretion/Elevation within a Tidal Wetland Site?

- Topography
  - $\rightarrow$  Elevation and Distance from Main Channel
- Hydrology
  - $\rightarrow$  Frequency, Depth, Velocity of Flooding
- Vegetation and Soil
  - → Vegetation Type, Cover, Soil Exposed, Soil Texture, Soil Compaction
- Disturbance
  - → Storm Activity/High Flow, Animal Activity (Cattle, Elk, Deer, Rodents, Carp) – Exposing Soil etc.,
- Availability of sediment flowing in/out of site

Number and Distribution of Sediment Accretion/Erosion Benches Across a Site

- Multiple Sed Benches Located Across Several Elevation Gradients in Areas of Interest
- Pre-restoration use restoration plans to install where possible, post-restoration placement in areas heavily graded



How to install

#### Materials:

- 1 inch conduit pipe, 5 ft+ long
- Level: 120+ cm long
- 2 Meter Sticks or Bendy Rulers
- Compass
- Mallet
- Design Plans
- RTK/GPS Unit



### How to install



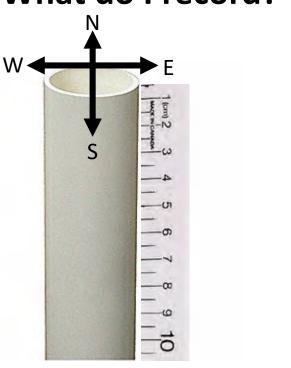
How to Monitor, Data Collection – What do I record?

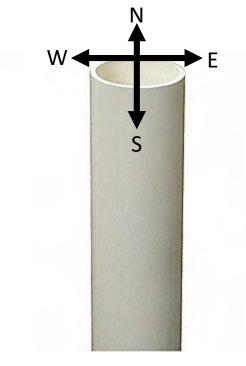
How to Monitor, Data Collection – What do I record?

- Bring your notes from the last time you came out to measure the sed bench
- Bring a buddy
- Accuracy and Precision
   comparable to SET if c<u>are</u>
   <u>is taken</u> (Nolte et al.
   2012)

• Start by measuring all 4 sides of each PVC Sediment Pin (bring a compass)

#### How to Monitor, Data Collection – What do I record?

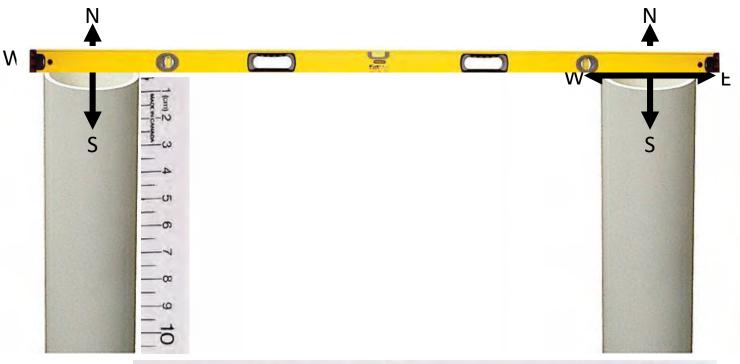




| No | North Pin: |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     | So | out | h Pi | n: |
|----|------------|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|-----|------|----|
| N  | Ε          | S | W | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | Ν  | Ε   | S    | W  |
|    |            |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |    |     |      |    |

- Start by measuring all 4 sides of each PVC Sediment Pin (bring a compass)
- It can help to place a meter stick on the ground – to line up with the level

#### How to Monitor, Data Collection – What do I record?





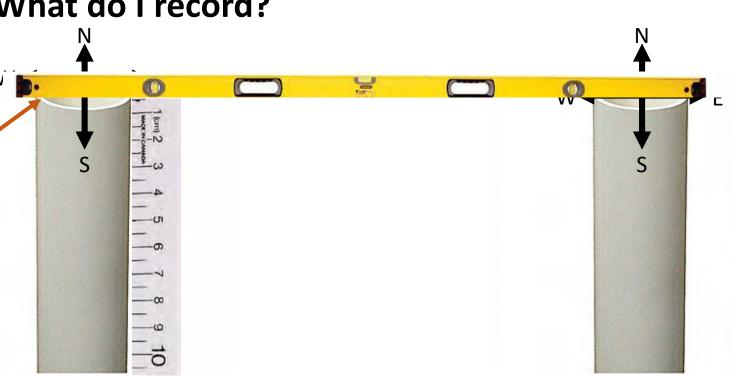
#### North Pin:

| Ν | Ε | S | W | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | Ν | Ε | S | W |
|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|---|---|---|---|
|   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |   |   |   |   |

How to Monitor, Data Collection – What do I record?

 Always measure from the ground to the top of the PVC – bottom of level (NOT to an arbitrarily place on the level etc).







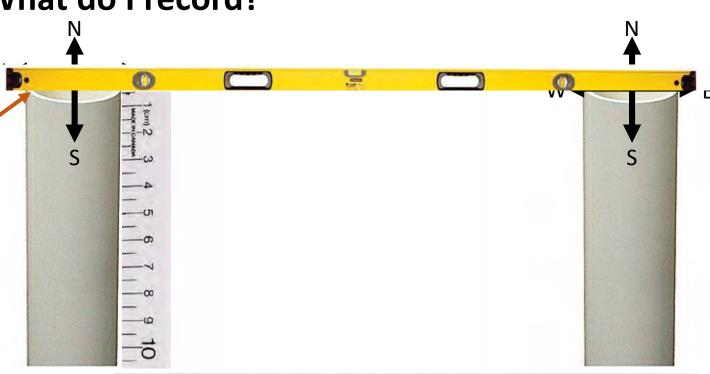
#### North Pin:

| Ν | Ε | S | W | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | Ν | Ε | S | W |
|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|---|---|---|---|
|   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |   |   |   |   |

### How to Monitor, Data Collection – What do I record?

 Always measure from the ground to the top of the PVC – bottom of level (NOT to an arbitrarily place on the level etc).







#### North Pin:

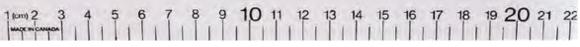
| N | Ε | S | W | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | Ν | Ε | S | W |
|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|---|---|---|---|
|   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |   |   |   |   |

#### What is ground? 🙂

- When measuring in dense vegetation be sure to move plants out of the way so the ruler measures from the top of the soil/organic matter layer to the top of the PVC
- When measuring in mud, don't let ruler sink into the mud – always measure from the top of the mud to the top of the PVC

#### How to Monitor, Data Collection – What do I record?



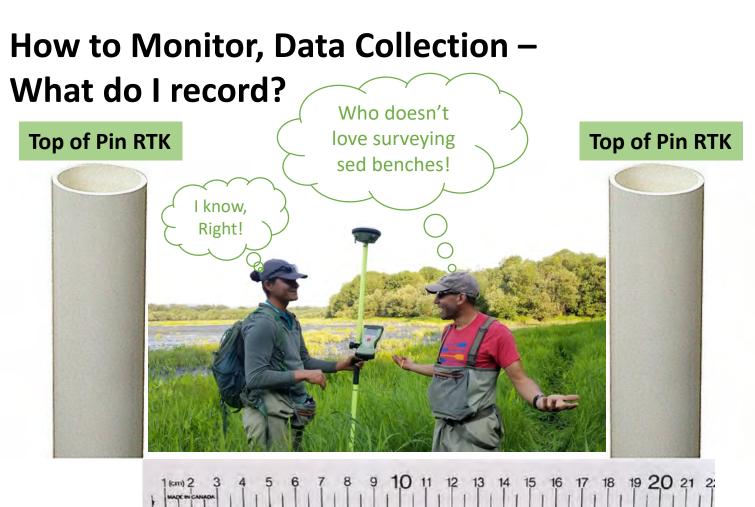


| North | Pin: |
|-------|------|
|-------|------|

| N | Ε | S | W | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | Ν | Ε | S | W |
|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|---|---|---|---|
|   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |   |   |   |   |

Monitoring Elevations and Possible Shifting:

- Always RTK top of PVC Sed Pins to identify if shifting has occurred
- Elevation of top of PVC pins should not change if installed properly, however settling and large wood disturbance can cause issues that need to be accounted for in the data
- Monitoring these elevations can inform if the sed pins have been disturbed



North Pin:

| N | Ε | S | W | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | Ν | Ε | S | W |
|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|---|---|---|---|
|   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |   |   |   |   |

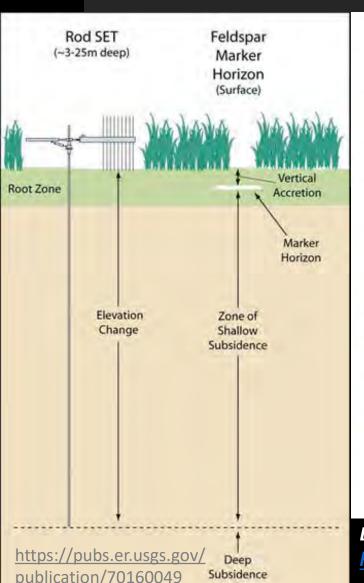
Recommendations to Start Collecting Additional Data

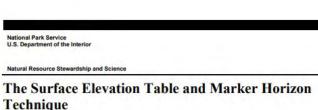
- Install Multiple Sed Benches Across an Elevation Gradient
- RTK Sed Bench PVC Elevations
- Note Vegetation Cover of Dominant Species
- Monitor Field Soil Parameters at Sed Bench
- Take Photo Point of Sediment Bench and Surrounding Area



# Other Methods

# Other methods for monitoring sediment accretion and erosion:





A Protocol for Monitoring Wetland Elevation Dynamics

Natural Resource Report NPS/NCBN/NRR-2015/1078



Basic Overview Found Here: http://www.tidalmarshmonitoring.net/

- SET tables
- Marker horizons
- Sediment Plates
- UAV Surface Monitoring

Measuring sedimentation in tidal marshes: a review on methods and their applicability in biogeomorphological studies

S. Nolte • E. C. Koppenaal • P. Esselink • K. S. Dijkema • M. Schuerch • A. V. De Groot • J. P. Bakker • S. Temmerman

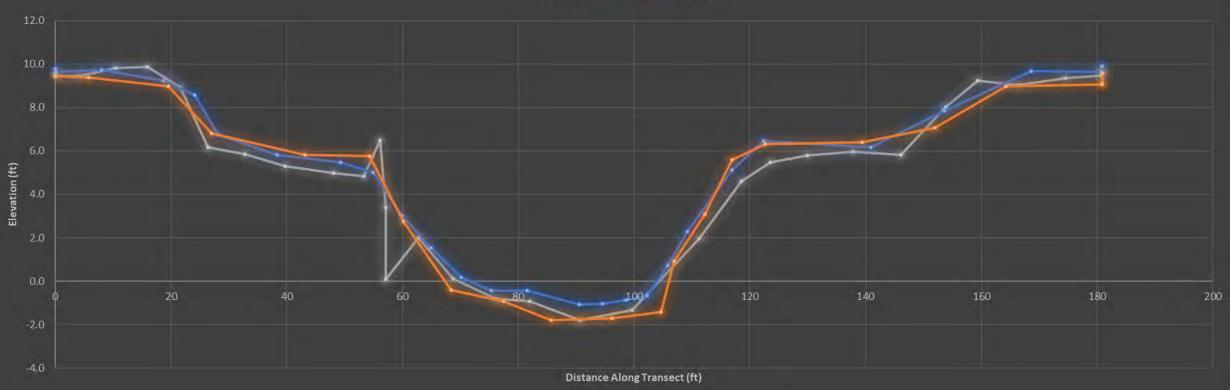
Received: 24 October 2012 / Revised: 21 December 2012 / Accepted: 18 January 2013 © Springer Science+Business Media Dordrecht 2013

Abstract It is increasingly recognised that interactions between geomorphological and biotic processes control the functioning of many ecosystem types as described e.g. by the ecological theory of ecosystem engineering. Consequently, the need for specific bio-geomorphological research methods is growing recently. Much research on biogeomorphological processes is done in coastal marshes. These areas provide clear examples of ecosystem engineering as well as other bio-geomorphological processes: Marsh vegetation slows down tidal currents and hence stimulates the process of sedimentation, while vice versa, the sedimentation controls ecological processes like vegetation succession. This review is meant to give insights in the various available methods to measure sedimentation, with special attention to their suitability to quantify bio-geomorphological interactions. The choice of method used to measure sedimentation is important to obtain the correct parameters to understand the biogeomorphology of tidal salt marshes. This review, therefore, aims to be a tool for decision making regarding the processes to be measured and the methods to be used. We, subdivide the methods into those measuring suspended sediment concentration (A), sediment deposition (B), accretion (C) and surface-elevation change (D). With this review, we would like to further encourage interdisciplinary studies in the fields of ecology and geomorphology.

 $\label{eq:Keywords} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{Keywords} \ \ Accretion \ \cdot \ Elevation \ change \ \cdot \ Estuary \ \cdot \ Salt \\ marsh \ \cdot \ Sediment \ deposition \ \cdot \ Suspended \ sediment \end{array}$ 

Detailed Review of Methods – Nolte et al. 2012 http://www.vliz.be/imisdocs/publications/24278 3.pdf

#### Transect #8 Channel Cross Section 2014 - 2018



Updates on Protocols for Measuring Channel Cross Sections

*Jeff Malone and Mitch Attig Columbia Land Trust* 



### Troubleshooting errors in water surface elevation and Temperature Data

# Overview

Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership Best Practices – A Quick Guide to Water Surface Elevation and Temperature Data Collection

Prepared by Sarah Kidd, Matthew Schwartz, and Grace Brennan Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership October 2018



### Refining/updating monitoring protocols for action effectiveness

Science Work Group Meeting September 25, 2018 Best Practices - Quick Guide: Water Surface Elevation and Temperature Data Collection

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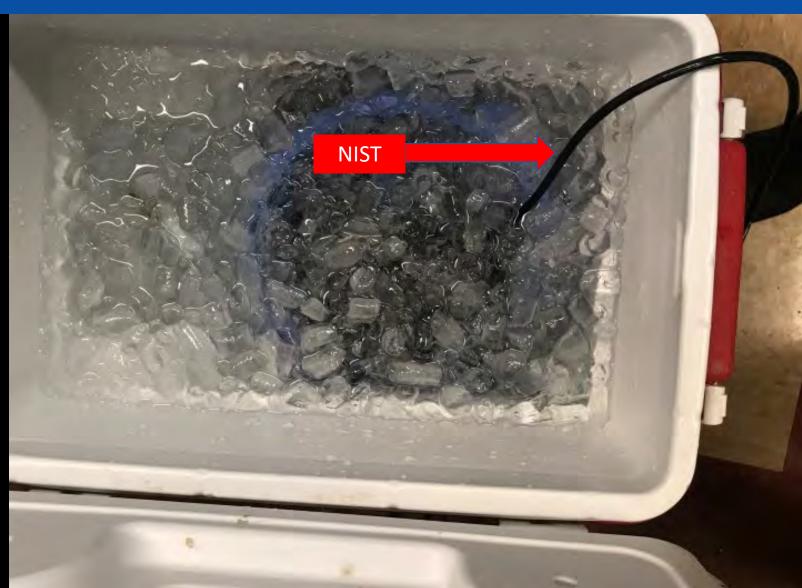


# What are the problems?

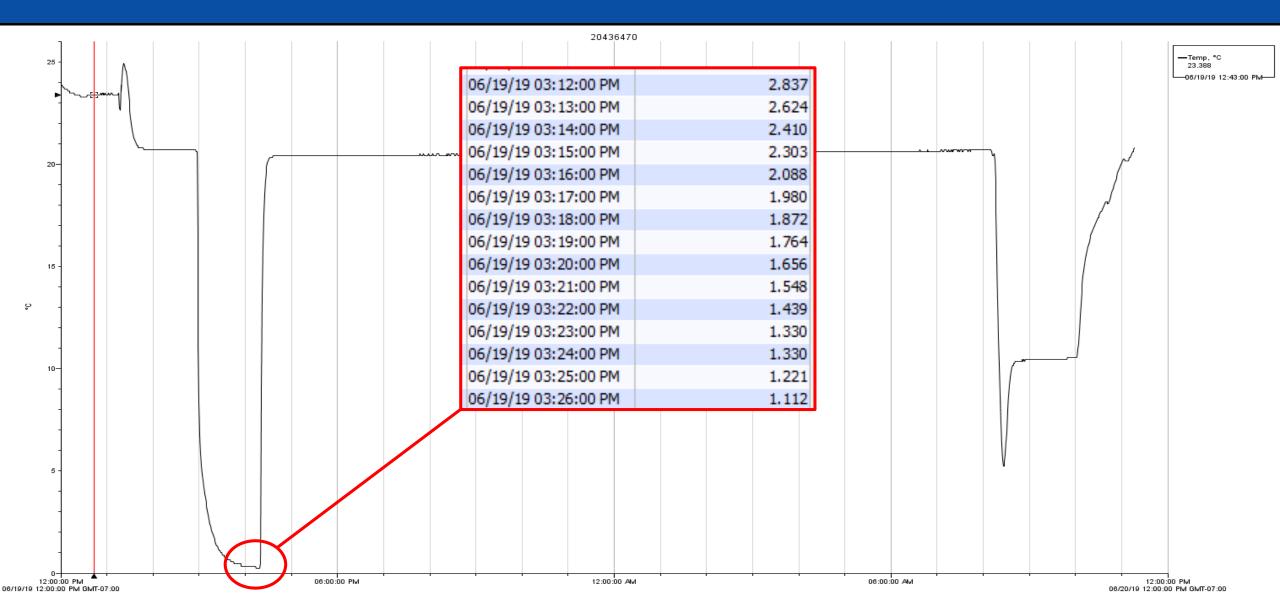
## Are these data any good? – Calibration Errors

#### 0° C Bath:

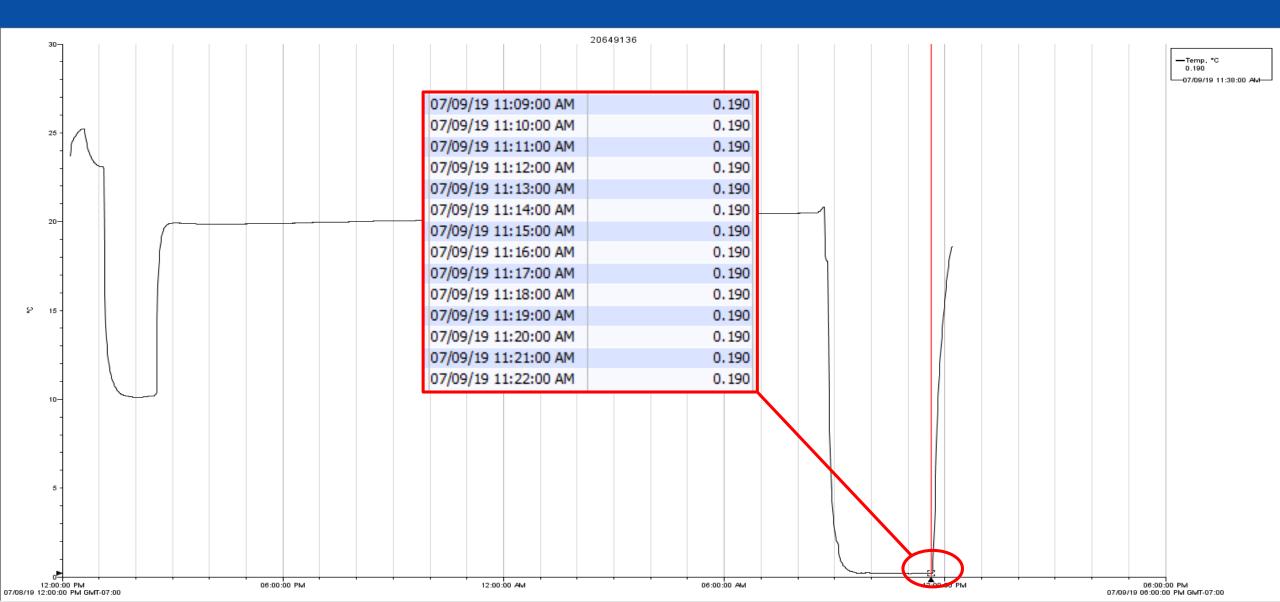
- Use a waterproof pump for best mixing
- Lay WSE sensors down flat, measure sensor depth
- Sink temperature loggers with weights
- Wait at least 10 20 minutes for loggers to stabilize
- Measure Temperature of the bath for at least 75 – 90 minutes to get <u>10 consecutive minutes of the</u> <u>same temperature</u>



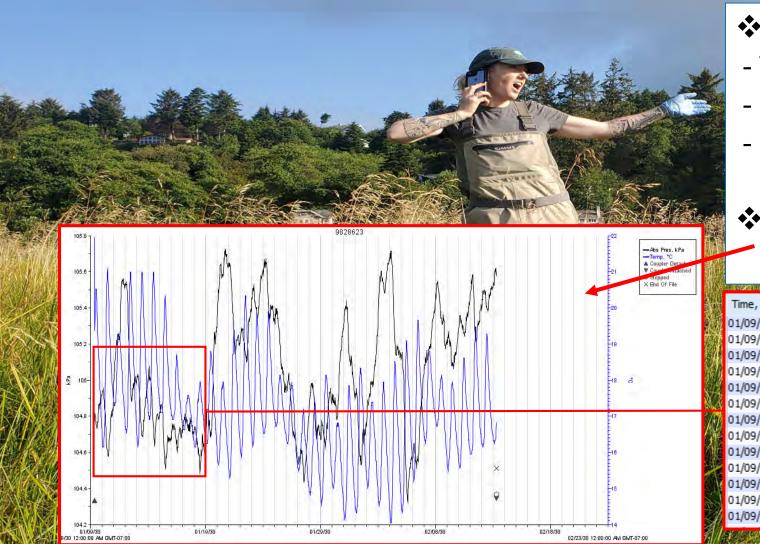
#### Prior to using water pump



#### After using water pump



## Are these data any good? – Data transfer Errors



#### Failing Loggers

- Temperature shocks
- Biofouling
- False fails

# Incorrect dates and times on files transferred onto the Shuttle

|                     | Time, GMT-07:00      | Abs Pres, kPa | Temp, ℃ |  |
|---------------------|----------------------|---------------|---------|--|
|                     | 01/09/30 09:00:00 AM | 104.773       | 21.951  |  |
|                     | 01/09/30 09:30:00 AM | 104.816       | 19.377  |  |
|                     | 01/09/30 10:00:00 AM | 104.808       | 19.758  |  |
| $\langle I \rangle$ | 01/09/30 10:30:00 AM | 104.798       | 20.043  |  |
|                     | 01/09/30 11:00:00 AM | 104.788       | 20.329  |  |
| Ň, Ű                | 01/09/30 11:30:00 AM | 104.776       | 20.519  |  |
| 1 B                 | 01/09/30 12:00:00 PM | 104.745       | 20.519  |  |
| 企業                  | 01/09/30 12:30:00 PM | 104.744       | 20.424  |  |
| 之情                  | 01/09/30 01:00:00 PM | 104.742       | 20.329  |  |
| X                   | 01/09/30 01:30:00 PM | 104.738       | 20.138  |  |
|                     | 01/09/30 02:00:00 PM | 104.735       | 19.948  |  |
| 20                  | 01/09/30 02:30:00 PM | 104.745       | 19.662  |  |
| A                   | 01/09/30 03:00:00 PM | 104.741       | 19.472  |  |

#### So you got the data

#### Best Practices - Quick Guide: Water Surface Elevation and Temperature Data Collection

#### Water depth above sensor = D - ((A+B2)-C)

- 4. Calculating movement of data logger housing during deployment
- Compare measurements A, B1, B2 and the RTK elevations pre and post deployment, if measurements are significantly different then the data logger housing has shifted and the WSE data may need to be corrected or not usable. Data correction can be done if the precise timing of data logger housing movement can be identified in the hydrologic data and then the new data logger elevation (collected upon retrieval) applied to all data after the shift occurred (See example Figure 5).

#### 7. Post-processing and Analysis

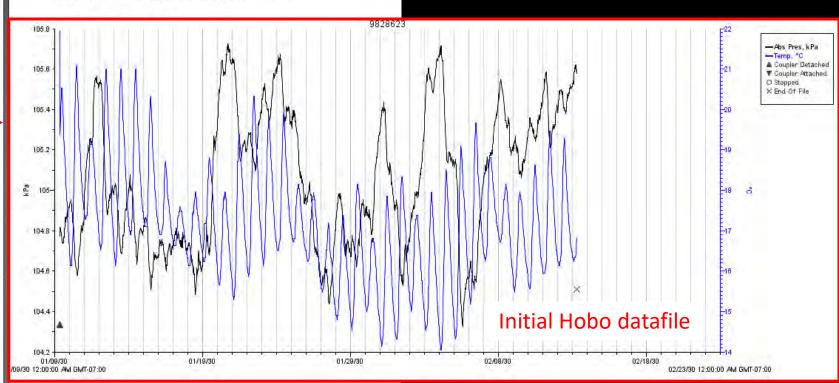
Once the data logger has been retrieved from the site and post-deployment water depth measurements have been made (See 4.6) the data can be processed and used to evaluate the conditions on the site. Below are some tips for processing the data in HOBOware:

#### 1. Understanding GMT and Correcting for Daylight Savings

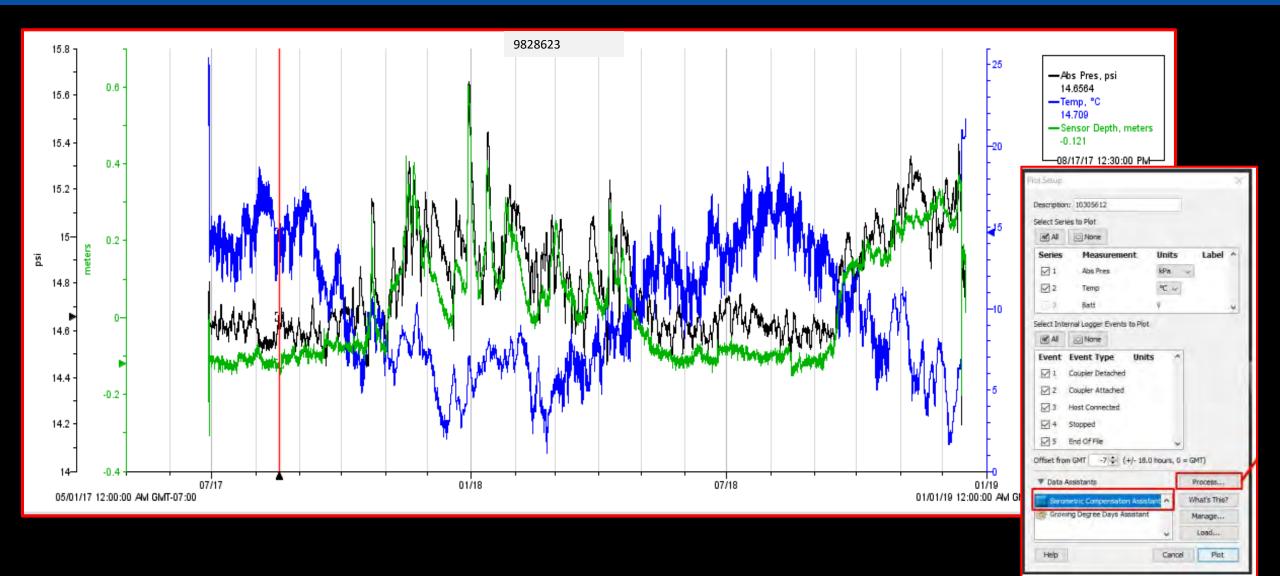
It is best practice to always be aware of which time zone the data logger is collecting in. HOBOware does not automatically correct for daylight savings. Additionally, the data logger will be launched in whichever time zone your computer clock is in at the time of deployment unless it is adjusted manually. This means if you deploy your data logger in the summer (Daylight Savings Time) and then retrieve your data logger in the winter (Standard Time) your data will be read out in Daylight Savings Time, all time stamps after the fall time boundary (such as November 4 at 2 am) will be an hour off (one hour behind) because HOBOware does not adjust for shifts between Daylight Savings and Standard Time. This adjustment will need to be done manually in fixel, once exported from HOBOware. Correcting data for the end or beginning of daylight savings time can cause issues with time series data analysis because it involves deleting or duplicating a date and time when the data crosses a time boundary. Specifically, when daylight saving times begins clocks are moved forward one hour, meaning the 2 am date time on that day is deleted, while when daylight savings time ends the clocks go back one hour, meaning the 2 am time stamp is repeated. To avoid issues with duplicate and deleted time stamps data should be collected and stored in Standard Time, in the Pacific Time Zone this is GMT-8.

It is particularly important to understand how these shifts between daylight savings ending and beginning impact your date and time stamps when trying to compare your reference water levels and temperatures collected to your data logger data. For example is you are collecting all your data in Standard Time (i.e. GMT-8) you will need to make a small adjustment to your reference measurement date and time stamps collected during daylight savings time (i.e. Mar – Nov, see an annual daylight savings table for exact dates) so that the reference measurement time and dates match the loggers time and dates. To shift a daylight savings time stamp (i.e. GMT-8) to a standard time stamp (i.e. GMT-8) you only need to add one hour.

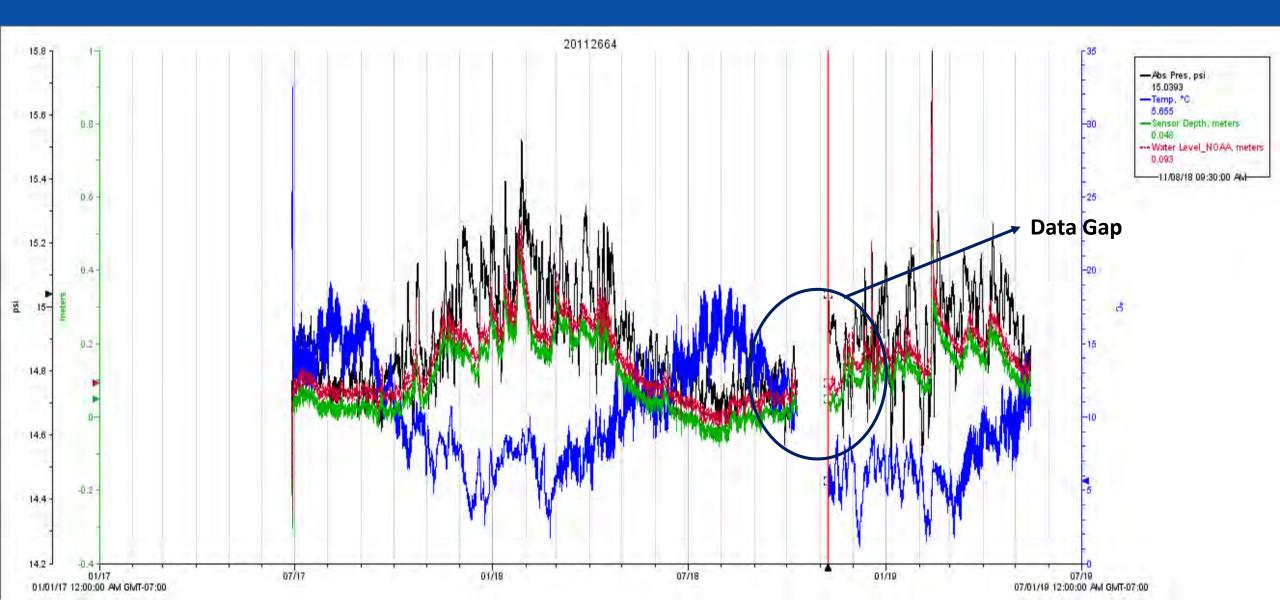
Lastly, understanding the time zone your data is collected in is critical for comparing time series data sets such as multiple loggers to one another or to a gage station, and when correcting your data with barometric data. It is essential to make sure all data sets are in the same time zone for meaningful analyses to be conducted. Best Practices - Quick Guide: Water Surface Elevation and Temperature Data Collection



## After applying Barometric compensation assistant



#### Data Processing Errors: Data Gaps



#### Data Processing Errors: Due to Freezing temperatures

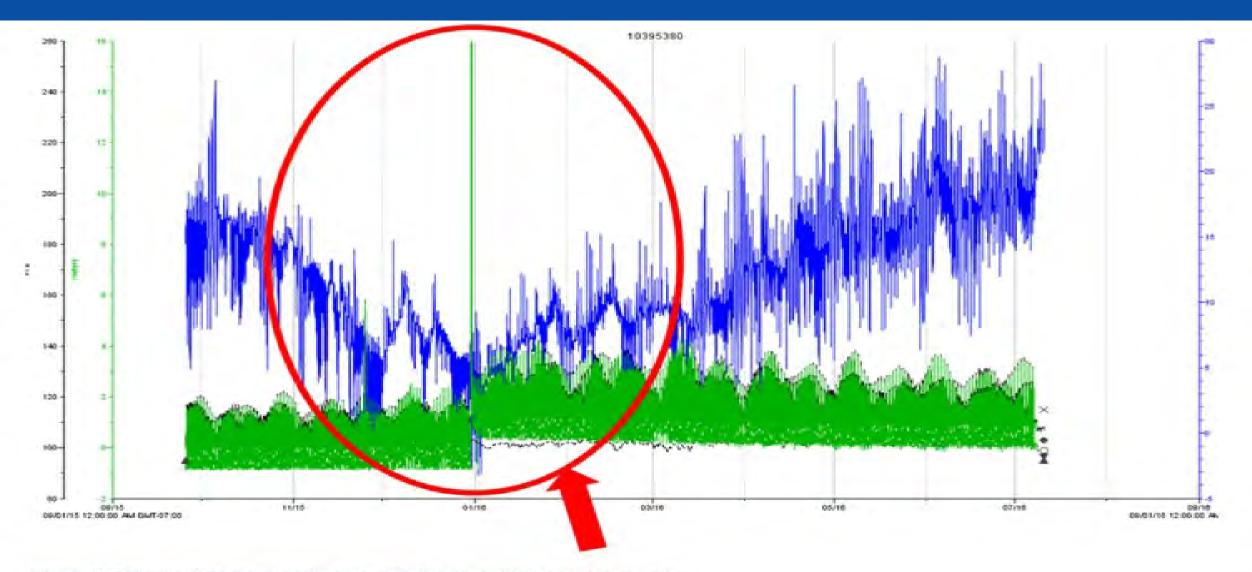


Figure 7. Error in data caused by a sensor freezing during deployment.



## Let's reduce those errors!

Erase old data and always relaunch Hobo Shuttle

QA/QC of loggers during calibrations

- Ensure loggers are set to the right logging intervals
- Swap loggers every six months
- Update hoboware pro regularly
- Ensure accurate field measurements: Water level, Temperature and RTK data
- Check deployed loggers and housing for algal growth and damages

## Next Steps: Data Sharing – Creating a database

|       | oSave 💽 🗄 ۶ | (2 + ∓  |             |                                    |  | м                | ICNA_Logger_Tracki                        | ing_7_1_2019.xlsx - E  |
|-------|-------------|---|-------------|------------------------------------|--|------------------|---|------------------------|
| File  | Home Insert | Page Layout Formulas Data   | Review Viev | v Help                             | Acrobat 🔎 Te                           | ll me what you   | want to do                                |                        |
| Paste | [₽ Copy ▼   | $\begin{vmatrix} \text{libri} & \bullet & 11 & \bullet & A^{\bullet} & A^{\bullet} \\ I & \sqcup & \bullet & \Box & \bullet & A^{\bullet} & \bullet \\ \hline Font & & & & & & \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline$ |             | 별 Wrap Text<br>클 Merge & Cen<br>nt | ter -<br>General<br>\$ - % 9<br>Number | 100 →0 Fo        | Conditional Format<br>prmatting + Table + | as Calculation         |
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|       | А           | В   | С           | D                                  | E                                      | F                | G   | Н                      |
| 1     | Site        | Location  | Date        | Time<br>(GMT -7)                   | Removed/<br>Downloaded/<br>Placed      | Serial<br>Number | Logger<br>Type                            | Collection<br>Interval |
| 29    | MCNA        | MCNA3- S channel  | 12/13/2018  | 12:05                              | Placed                                 | 20112940         | WSE/Temp                                  | 30                     |
| 30    | MCNA        | MCNA3- S channel  | 12/13/2018  | 12:05                              | Placed                                 | 20112567         | DO  | 30                     |
| 31    | MCNA        | MCNA3- S channel  | 6/24/2019   | 8:40                               | Removed                                | 20112567         | DO  | 30                     |
| 32    | MCNA        | MCNA3- S channel  | 6/24/2019   | 8:40                               | Removed                                | 20112940         | WSE/Temp                                  | 30                     |
| 33    | MCNA        | MCNA3- S channel  | 6/24/2019   | 8:50                               | Placed                                 | 20149616         | WSE/Temp                                  | 30                     |
| 34    | MCNA        | MCNA4- S wetland  | 12/13/2018  | 12:51                              | Removed                                | 20358336         | WSE/Temp                                  | 15                     |
| 35    | MCNA        | MCNA4- S wetland  | 12/13/2018  | 12:51                              | Placed                                 | 20112939         | WSE/Temp                                  | 30                     |
| 36    | MCNA        | MCNA4- S wetland  | 12/13/2018  | 12:51                              | Placed                                 | 20112566         | DO  | 30                     |
| 37    | MCNA        | MCNA4- S wetland  | 6/24/2019   | 9:16                               | Removed                                | 20112939         | WSE/Temp                                  | 30                     |
| 38    | MCNA        | MCNA4- S wetland  | 6/24/2019   | 9:20                               | Placed                                 | 20112664         | WSE/Temp                                  | 30                     |
| 39    | MCNA        | MCNA4- S wetland  | 6/24/2019   | 9:16                               | Removed                                | 20112566         | DO  | 30                     |
| 40    | MCNA        | MCNA5- Crabapple  | 12/13/2018  | 14:13                              | Removed                                | 20149616         | WSE/Temp                                  | 15                     |
| 41    | MCNA        | MCNA5- Crabapple  | 12/13/2018  | 14:13                              | Placed                                 | 10810155         | WSE/Temp                                  | 30                     |
| 42    | MCNA        | MCNA5- Crabapple  | 1/29/2019   | 12:47                              | Placed                                 | 10330643         | DO  | 30                     |
| 43    | MCNA        | MCNA5- Crabapple  | 6/24/2019   | 12:23                              | Removed                                | 10330643         | DO  | 30                     |
| 44    | MCNA        | MCNA5- Crabapple  | 6/24/2019   | 12:10                              | Removed                                | 10810155         | WSE/Temp                                  | 30                     |
| 45    | MCNA        | MCNA5- Crabapple  | 6/24/2019   | 12:22                              | Placed                                 |                  | WSE/Temp                                  | 30                     |
| 46    |             | MCNA7- South Bar Scroll   | 11/9/2018   | 10:15                              | Placed                                 |                  | WSE/Temp                                  |                        |
|       |             | MCNA7- South Bar Scroll   |             | 8:13                               | Removed                                |                  | WSE/Temp                                  |                        |

Create a user friendly Data Log!

#### Next Steps: Data Sharing – Creating user-friendly DETs

#### 5\_Measurement\_DET

Paste atmospherically corrected and elevation corrected water level data into this form for upload into Oncor.

| Water_Elevation_Instrument  | Instrument_Deployment_Dat 🔻 | Water_Measurement_Dat 🔻 | Water_Temperature | Temperature_Sensor_Expose | Water_Surface_Elevation | Instrument_Measurement_Notes   | ▼ DB_Access ▼ |   |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---|
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 15:20         | 11.24             |                           | 1.4074                  | WSE Output converted to Meters |               |   |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 15:30         | 10.94             |                           | 1.3473                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 15:40         | 10.94             |                           | 1.2946                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 15:50         | 10.94             |                           | 1.2378                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 16:00         | 10.94             |                           | 1.1851                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 16:10         | 10.94             |                           | 1.1355                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 16:20         | 10.94             |                           | 1.0835                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 16:30         | 10.94             |                           | 1.0314                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 16:40         | 10.94             |                           | 0.9833                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 16:50         | 10.94             |                           | 0.9387                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 17:00         | 10.85             |                           | 0.8965                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 17:10         |                   |                           | 0.8510                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 17:20         | 10.85             |                           | 0.8048                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 17:30         |                   |                           | 0.7645                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 17:40         |                   |                           | 0.7257                  |                                |               |   |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             |                         |                   |                           | 0.6894                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 18:00         | 11.04             |                           | 0.6516                  |                                |               |   |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 18:10         | 11.04             |                           | 0.6169                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 18:20         | 11.04             |                           | 0.5847                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 18:30         | 11.04             |                           | 0.5530                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 18:40         |                   |                           | 0.5248                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 18:50         | 11.04             |                           | 0.4997                  |                                |               |   |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 19:00         | 11.04             |                           | 0.4765                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 19:10         | 11.04             |                           | 0.4560                  |                                |               | l |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             | 3/12/2014 19:20         | 11.04             |                           | 0.4377                  |                                |               |   |
| Hobo_9782045  | 3/12/2014 15:20             |                         |                   |                           | 0.4225                  |                                |               |   |
| U-b- 0702045  | 0/40/0044 45:00             |                         |                   |                           | 0.4447                  |                                |               |   |
| Image: state of the state of | Example 3_Measurement       | _Template3_Measurem     | ent_DET_Example 4 | _Deployment_DET 5_Measure | ement_DET (+)           |                                |               |   |



### References

Continuous Water Level Data Collection and Management Using Onset HOBO® Data Loggers
 Natural Resource Report NPS/NCBN/NRR—2017/1370
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HOBOware User's Guide:

http://www.onsetcomp.com/support/manuals/12730-MANBHW-UG

HOBOware Pro Barometric Compensation Assistant User's Guide:

http://www.onsetcomp.com/files/manual\_pdfs/Barometric-Compensation-AssistantUsers-Guide-10572.pdf

HOBO<sup>®</sup> U20 Water Level Logger Manual:

http://www.onsetcomp.com/files/manual\_pdfs/12315-F-MAN-U20.pdf

Specifications for HOBO<sup>®</sup> U20 Water Level Loggers:

http://www.onsetcomp.com/files/datasheet/Onset%20HOBO%20U20%20Water%20Level%20Data%20Loggers.pdf

Specifications for HOBO<sup>®</sup> U20L Water Level Loggers:

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US Geological Survey. 2012. Water level continuous standard operating procedures. Unpublished protocols. USGS, Western Ecological Research Center, San Francisco Bay Estuary Field Station, Vallejo, CA.

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## SWG Discussion

#### Input on other protocols

# Use of remote sensing, e.g., drones for data collection

- Use of drones is specific to monitoring goals and available equipment and expertise of handler, so protocols need to be specific to these items and may not be practical. BUT are there a subset of metrics that we can standardize?
- Is this a topic of discussion for future SWG?

#### Topics for future SWG:

- Results from 5 years of AEM what seems to be working, what might need "tweaking", other lessons to share amongst partners
- Results from @ 20 years of restoration in lower Columbia

   what seems to be working, what might need
   "tweaking", other lessons to share amongst partners